

## § 151.49

Polyether (molecular weight 2000+)  
 Polyethylene glycol monoalkyl ether  
 Polyolefin amide alkeneamine (C28+)  
 Polyolefin amide alkeneamine borate (C28-C250)  
 Polyolefin amide alkeneamine polyol  
 Polyolefin anhydride  
 Polyolefin ester (C28-C250)  
 Polyolefin phenolic amine (C28-C250)  
 Polyolefin phosphorosulfide, barium derivative  
 Polypropylene glycol  
 n-Propyl acetate  
 Propylene glycol monoalkyl ether  
 Propylene glycol ethyl ether, *see* Propylene glycol monoalkyl ether  
 Propylene glycol methyl ether, *see* Propylene glycol monoalkyl ether  
 Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate  
 Propylene glycol phenyl ether  
 Sodium acetate solution  
 Sodium benzoate solution  
 Sodium carbonate solution  
 Soybean oil (epoxidized)  
 Sulfohydrocarbon (C3-C88)  
 Sulfolane  
 Tallow  
 Tallow fatty acid  
 Tetrasodium salt of  
 Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid solution  
 Triethylene glycol butyl ether, *see* Poly(2-8)alkylene glycol monoalkyl(C1-C6) ether  
 Triethylene glycol ethyl ether, *see* Poly(2-8)alkylene glycol monoalkyl(C1-C6) ether  
 Triethylene glycol methyl ether, *see* Poly(2-8)alkylene glycol monoalkyl(C1-C6) ether  
 Triethyl phosphate  
 Trimethylol propane polyethoxylate  
 Tripropylene glycol methyl ether, *see* Poly(2-8)alkylene glycol monoalkyl(C1-C6) ether  
 Trisodium salt of N-(Hydroxyethyl)- ethylenediamine triacetic acid solution  
 Urea, Ammonium mono- and di-hydrogen phosphate, Potassium chloride solution  
 Urea, Ammonium nitrate solution (2% or less NH<sub>3</sub>)  
 Urea, Ammonium phosphate solution  
 Vegetable oils, n.o.s. (*see also Oil, edible*)  
 Vegetable acid oils and distillates, n.o.s.  
 Waxes:  
 Candelilla  
 Carnauba  
 Zinc alkenyl carboxamide

[CGD 85-010, 52 FR 7759, Mar. 12, 1987, as amended by CGD 88-100a, 54 FR 40000, Sept. 29, 1989; 55 FR 17269, Apr. 24, 1990; CGD 92-100a, 59 FR 16986, Apr. 11, 1994; CGD 94-901, 59 FR 45147, Aug. 31, 1994; CGD 95-901, 60 FR 34039, June 29, 1995]

### § 151.49 Category C and D Oil-like NLSs allowed for carriage.

The following is a list of Category C and D Oil-like NLSs that the Coast Guard allows to be carried:

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(a) The following Category C oil-like NLSs may be carried:

Aviation alkylates  
 Cycloheptane  
 Cyclohexane  
 Cyclopentane  
 p-Cymene  
 Ethylcyclohexane  
 Heptane (all isomers)  
 Heptene (all isomers)  
 Hexane (all isomers)  
 Hexene (all isomers)  
 Isopropylcyclohexane  
 iso-Propylcyclohexane  
 Methyl cyclohexane  
 2-Methyl-1-pentene, *see* Hexene (all isomers)  
 Nonane (all isomers)  
 Octane (all isomers)  
 Olefin mixtures (C5-C7)  
 Pentane (all isomers)  
 Pentene (all isomers)  
 1-Phenyl-1-xylylethane  
 Propylene dimer  
 Tetrahydronaphthalene  
 Toluene  
 Xylenes

(b) The following Category D oil-like NLSs may be carried:

Diisopropyl naphthalene

[CGD 85-010, 52 FR 7759, Mar. 12, 1987, as amended by CGD 88-100a, 54 FR 40001, Sept. 29, 1989; 55 FR 17269, Apr. 24, 1990; CGD 92-100a, 59 FR 16987, Apr. 11, 1994; CGD 94-901, 59 FR 45148, Aug. 31, 1994; CGD 95-901, 60 FR 34039, June 29, 1995]

### GARBAGE POLLUTION AND SEWAGE

SOURCE: Sections 151.51—151.77 and Appendix A appear by CGD 88-002, 54 FR 18405, Apr. 28, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

### § 151.51 Applicability.

(a) Except as provided by paragraph (b) of this section, §§151.51 through 151.77 apply to—

(1) Each ship that is of United States registry or nationality, or one operated under the authority of the United States, including recreational vessels defined in 46 U.S.C. 2101(25) and uninspected vessels defined in 46 U.S.C. 2101(43), wherever located; and

(2) Each ship, other than a ship referred to in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, while in the navigable waters or the Exclusive Economic Zone of the United States.

(b) Sections 151.51 through 151.77 do not apply to—

(1) A warship, naval auxiliary, or other ship owned or operated by the

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United States when engaged in non-commercial service; or

(2) Any other ship specifically excluded by MARPOL 73/78.

NOTE: The Exclusive Economic Zone extends from the baseline of the territorial sea seaward 200 miles as defined in the Presidential Proclamation 5030 of March 10, 1983 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp. p. 22).

[CGD 88-002, 54 FR 18405, Apr. 28, 1989, as amended by CGD 88-002A, 55 FR 18582, May 2, 1990]

### § 151.53 Special areas for Annex V of MARPOL 73/78.

(a) For the purposes of §§151.51 through 151.77, the special areas are the Mediterranean Sea area, the Baltic Sea area, the Black Sea area, the Red Sea area, the Gulf areas, the North Sea area, the Antarctic area, and the Wider Caribbean region, including the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea which are described in §151.06. The discharge restrictions are effective in the Baltic Sea, the North Sea, and the Antarctic area.

(b) In accordance with paragraph (4)(b) of Regulation 5 of Annex V of MARPOL 73/78, the discharge restrictions in §151.71 for special areas will enter into effect when each party to MARPOL 73/78 whose coastline borders the special area has certified that reception facilities are available and the IMO has established an effective date for each special area. Notice of the effective dates for the discharge requirements in each special area will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER and reflected in this section.

[CGD 94-056, 60 FR 43378, Aug. 21, 1995]

### § 151.55 Recordkeeping requirements.

(a) This section applies to the following:

(1) Each manned oceangoing ship (other than a fixed or floating platform) of 12.2 meters (approximately 40 feet) or more in length that is engaged in commerce and that is documented under the laws of the United States or numbered by a State.

(2) Each manned fixed or floating platform subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(b) The master or person in charge of each ship under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section shall ensure that a

written record is maintained on the ship of each of the following garbage discharge or disposal operations:

(1) Discharge overboard.

(2) Discharge to another ship.

(3) Discharge to a reception facility.

(4) Incineration on the ship.

(c) The record under paragraph (b) of this section must contain the following information on each discharge or disposal operation:

(1) The type of operation as described under paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(4) of this section.

(2) The date and time of the operation.

(3) If the operation was conducted at a port, the name of the port.

(4) If the operation was not conducted at a port, the latitude and longitude of the location where the operation was conducted and the estimated distance of that location from shore. If the operation involved off-loading to another ship, the identity of the receiving ship by name and official number.

(5) The amount of garbage involved, described by volume in cubic meters.

(6) For discharges into the sea, a description of the contents of the garbage, described by the following categories:

(i) Plastic material.

(ii) Floating dunnage, lining, or packing material.

(iii) Ground paper products, rags, glass, metal, bottles, crockery, or other similar garbage.

(iv) Unground paper products, rags, glass, metal, bottles, crockery, or other similar garbage.

(v) Victual wastes.

(vi) Incinerated ash.

(vii) Incinerated plastic residue.

(d) The record under paragraph (b) of this section must be prepared at the time of the operation, certified as correct by the master or person in charge of the ship, maintained on the ship for two years following the operation, and made available for inspection by the Coast Guard.

[CGD 92-71, 59 FR 18703, Apr. 19, 1994]

### § 151.57 Waste management plans.

(a) This section applies to the following: